***Lesson Ten***

**1 Thessalonians 2:19**

**The Crown Rewards of Christ**

**1.** In 1 Thessalonians 2:19 Paul lists 3 outcomes of the faith of the Thessalonians. What are they and what is the meaning or distinction of each?

**2.** In v. 19 Paul refers to the ***crown of exultation (rejoicing)***. In the New Testament there are two Greek words for ***crown***, *diadēma* (#1238) and *stephanos* (#4735). What is the difference between these two words?

In the New Testament there are 5 different crowns of reward given to believers by the Lord.

**3.** The first crown is **the believer’s crown**, found in 1 Corinthians 9:24-25. Who receives this crown and why?

**4.** The second crown is **the diligent Christian’s crown**, found in 2 Timothy 4:7-8. Who receives this crown and why?

**5.** The third crown is **the martyr’s crown**, found in James 1:12 and Revelation 2:10. Who receives this crown and why?

**6.** The fourth crown is **the faithful shepherd’s crown**, found in 1 Peter 5:1-4. Who receives this crown and why?

**7.** The fifth crown is **the soul-winner’s crown**, found in 1 Thessalonians 2:19. Who receives this crown and why?

**8.** 2 Corinthians 5:10 teaches us that ***we must all appear before the judgment seat of Christ, so that each one may be recompensed for his deeds in the body, according to what he has done, whether good or bad.*** For believers, this ***“judgment”*** is **remunerative.** What does that mean?

**9.** The judgment of unbelievers occurs at **the Great White Throne Judgment**, found in Revelation 20:11-15. For unbelievers, this ***“judgment”*** is **retributive**. What does that mean?

**10.** Some Christians believe that after we receive our crown rewards, that we then cast them before the Lord in worship. Is this correct? Explain.